Civilization is spread more by singing than anything else, because whole big bunches can sing a particular song where not every man can join in on the conversation. A song ain’t nothing but a conversation fixed up to where you can talk it over and over without getting tired of it. And it’s this repeating the idea over and over that makes it take a hold. If the conversation is about good crops, or bad, good politics or bad, good news or bad, good anything else or bad, the best way to circulate it amongst the people is by singing it.

* * *

Our job ain’t so much to go way back into history, that already been done, and we cain’t spare the time to do it all over again. Our job is the Here & Now. Today. This week. This month. This year. But we’ve got to try and include a Timeless Element in our songs. Something that will not tomorrow be gone with the wind. But something that tomorrow will be as true as it is today. The secret of a lasting song is not the record current event, but this timeless element which may be contained in their chorus or last line or elsewhere.

— Woody Guthrie

This course will be an exploration of leadership in the arts and will examine that subject from three different perspectives. First, we will be considering figures in traditional, old-time, and folk music whose contributions were, in many ways — sometimes great, sometimes small — transformative; that is to say, we will be looking at those without whom American music arguably would not be what it is today. Second, we will be considering their songs as a variety of American political thought, as expressions of their ideas about human nature and the politics of their day. Finally, we will be evaluating the power of song as a rhetorical means of spreading, and perhaps inculcating those ideas in the minds of the people, taking seriously Woody Guthrie’s claim that folk music “ain’t nothing but a conversation fixed up to where you can talk it over and over without getting tired of it” with the result that it is “this repeating the idea over and over that makes it take a hold.”

Since many of the figures we will be studying may be unknown to you, or only slightly known, we will be reading the major studies of their lives and contributions. But this will not just be a reading course; it will be — especially — a listening course. Each session will be a combination of discussing the readings, listening to the original recordings of these artists, and not infrequently viewing documentaries that will help to put their music and their contributions into context.
Assessment for the seminar will consist of class participation (20%); a research paper on a topic to be agreed (40%); and a final take-home examination (40%). The possible range of topics for your papers will be broad and could include the study of a particular artist that we have not covered in depth or the history of a particular song that captures your attention. The paper will develop over the course of the semester according to the schedule included as the addendum to this syllabus.

**Required Texts**

Ed Cray, *Ramblin’ Man: The Life and Times of Woody Guthrie*

Hazel Dickens and Bill C. Malone, *Working Girl Blues: The Life and Music of Hazel Dickens*

Bob Dylan, *Chronicles: Volume One*

Bill C. Malone, *Music from the True Vine*

Alec Wilkinson, *The Protest Singer*

Charles Wolfe and Kip Lornell, *The Life and Legend of Leadbelly*

Mark Zwonitzer (with Charles Hirshberg), *Will You Miss Me When I’m Gone?: The Carter Family and their Legacy in American Music.*

**Class Assignments**

**I. January 15: By Way of Introduction — The Great Themes**

**A. Despair and Hope**

Stephen Foster, “Hard Times Come Again No More”

Blind Alfred Reed, “How Can a Poor Man Stand Such Times and Live?”

Bradley Kincaid, “Two Little Orphans”

Woody Guthrie, “I Ain’t Got No Home”

James King, “Thirty Years of Farming”
Ginny Hawker, “Sunshine in the Shadows”
The Carter Family, “Keep on the Sunny Side”
Bob Dylan, “When the Ship Comes In”
John Hartford, “Big Rock Candy Mountain”
Hobart Smith, “Uncloudy Day”

B. Home, Hearth, and Heaven

The Carter Family, “Homestead on the Farm”
Connie and Babe and the Backwoods Boys, “Dreamin’ of a Little Cabin”
Doc Watson, “The Old Wooden Rocker”
The Blue Sky Boys, “If I Could Hear my Mother Pray Again”
The Whites, “Will My Mother know Me There?”
Whitstein Brothers, “Shake my Mother’s Hand for Me”
June Carter Cash, “Hold Fast to the Right”
Gillian Welch and Alison Krauss, “I’ll fly Away”

C. Notes on Influence and Adaptability

1. “No Depression in Heaven” — Three Versions
   a. Sheryl Crow
   b. The New Lost City Ramblers
   c. The Carter Family

2. From A. P. Carter to Woody Guthrie
   a. Woody Guthrie, “This Land is Your Land”
   b. The Carter Family, “Little Darlin’ Pal of Mine”
   c. The Carter Family, “When the World’s on Fire”
II. January 22: The Appalachians and their Music

A. The Appalachians (viewing of episode three of the documentary)

B. Hills, Hollers, and Industrialization: Trains, Mines, and Disasters

Doc Watson, “Dream of the Miner’s Child

Bill Clifton, “Springhill Disaster”

John Prine, “Paradise”

Elizabeth Cotten, “Freight Train”

Vernon Dalhart, “Wreck of the Old ‘97”

Johnny Cash, “Engine 143”

III. January 29 and February 5: The Carter Family

A. Reading:


B. The Carter Family: Will the Circle be Unbroken (viewing of the documentary)

C. Bristol and Ralph Peer: The First Recordings

“Bury Me Under the Weeping Willow”

“Little Log Cabin by the Sea”

“Poor Orphan Child”

“The Storms are on the Ocean”

“Wandering Boy”

“Single Girl, Married Girl”

D. The Carter Family Canon: Four Great Themes

1. Faith
“Anchored in Love”
“Church in the Wildwood
“Where We’ll Never Grow Old”

2. Home

“My Clinch Mountain Home”
“Longing for Old Virginia”
“A Distant Land to Roam”

3. Love and Loss

“I Loved You Better than You Knew”
“Wildwood Flower”
“I’ll Be All Smiles Tonight”
“Gold Watch and Chain”

4. Death

“Bury Me Under the Weeping Willow
“Will You Miss Me When I’m Gone?”
“Can the Circle be Unbroken?”

IV. February 12 and 19: Woody Guthrie and the Urban Folk

A. Reading:

Cray, Ramblin’ Man: The Life and Times of Woody Guthrie: pp. 3-77; 103-184; 228-392.

B. Woody Guthrie: Ain’t Got No Home (viewing of the documentary)
C. A Musical Sampling

1. Tough Times

   “I Ain’t Got No Home”

   “Goin’ Down the Road Feelin’ Bad”

   “Hard Travelin’”

2. Hollow Dreams

   “Ramblin’ Round”

   “Pastures of Plenty”

   “Do-Re-Mi”

   “Deportees”

3. Search for True Values

   “Jesus Christ”

   “Pretty Boy Floyd”

   “This Land is Your Land”

V. February 26 and March 5: Pete Seeger and the Music of Politics

A. Reading:

   Wilkinson, *The Protest Singer* (entire)

B. *Pete Seeger and the Power of Song* (viewing of the documentary)

C. A Musical Sampling

1. Society and its Ills

   “Little Boxes”

   “What did You Learn in School Today?”

   “The Clearwater”

   “If I had a Hammer”
2. Unions and Labor

“Joe Hill”

“Which Side are You On?”

“Union Maid”

3. Peace

“Where have all the Flowers Gone?”

“Study War No More”

“Last Night I had the Strangest Dream”

4. Civil Rights

“If You Miss Me at the Back of the Bus”

“Oh, Freedom”

“I Ain’t Scared of your Jail”

“We Shall Overcome”

VI. March 19: Huddie William Ledbetter — Leadbelly

A. Reading:

Wolfe and Lornell, *The Life and Legend of Leadbelly*: 1-87; 178-256

B. *A Vision Shared: A Tribute to Woody Guthrie and Leadbelly* (viewing of the documentary)

C. A Musical Sampling

1. Tough Times

“We’re in the Same Boat, Brother”

“Pick a Bale of Cotton”

“TB Blues”

“Bourgeois Blues”

“New York City”

“Mr. Hitler”
2. A Little Bit of Hope

“Cotton Fields”

“In New Orleans”

“Blood Done Sign My Name”

“Rock Island Line”

“The Midnight Special”

“Goodnight, Irene”

VII. March 26: Mike Seeger, the New Lost City Ramblers, and Music from the True Vine

A. Reading:

Malone, *Music from the True Vine*: 1-52; 66-146; 169-174

B. *New Lost City Ramblers: Always been a Rambler* (viewing of the documentary)

C. A Musical Sampling

1. A Nearly Forgotten Tradition

“Sales Tax on the Women”

“How can a Poor Man Stand such Times and Live?”

“Franklin D. Roosevelt’s Back Again”

“No Depression in Heaven”

“On Some Foggy Mountain Top”

2. Recovering the Carters (with Mother Maybelle Carter at Newport Folk Festival)

“Gold Watch and Chain”

“Worried Man Blues”

“Little Darlin’ Pal of Mine”

“Wildwood Flower”
VIII. April 2 and April 9: Bob Dylan and Joan Baez

A. Reading:

Dylan, *Chronicles* (entire)

B. *Bob Dylan: No Direction Home* (viewing of the documentary)

C. *Joan Baez: How Sweet the Sound* ((viewing of the documentary)

D. A Musical Sampling

1. Dylan

   “Song to Woody”
   
   “Blowin’ in the Wind”
   
   “Don’t Think Twice”
   
   “A Hard Rain’s A-Gonna Fall”
   
   “Masters of War”
   
   “With God on Our Side”
   
   “The Times They are A-Changin’”
   
   “Only a Pawn in Their Game”
   
   “When the Ship Comes In”

2. Baez

   “Joe Hill”
   
   “Last Night I had the Strangest Dream”
   
   “With God on Our Side”
   
   “The Night They Drove Old Dixie Down”
   
   “Forever Young”
   
   “Farewell Angelina”

IX. April 16: Hazel Dickens

A. Reading:

B. *Hazel Dickens: It’s Hard to tell the Singer from the Song* (viewing of the documentary)

C. A Musical Sampling

1. Remembering Home

   “A Few Old Memories”
   “Beyond the River Bend”
   “Hills of Home”
   “Mama’s Hand”
   “West Virginia, My Home”

2. An Old Slant on New Themes

   “Busted”
   “It’s Hard to tell the Singer from the Song”
   “Coal Tattoo”
   “Working Girl Blues”
   “TB Blues (with Alice Gerrard)”
   “Let that Liar Alone” (with Alice Gerrard)

X. April 23: Bringing the Music to Life

*Research Paper Schedule*
I. Proposed Research Project and Preliminary Bibliography (15%): Due February 12

The formal proposal should be a 2-3 pp. statement of what the main thesis of the research paper will be. Attention should be given to making the case for the importance of the topic, explaining how it will be carried out, and demonstrating how this will contribute to a better understanding of the subject. This should be accompanied by the preliminary, not necessarily the final, bibliography. You should assemble those sources most likely to benefit your researches as outlined in the project statement. This bibliography should include scholarly articles and books, as well as any discography that will likely be a part of your research. This proposal and bibliography will be assessed on the thoughtfulness and thoroughness of the listings, not simply the number included. This exercise should reflect careful consideration on your part as to what sources would appear to be most helpful to your making the case for your thesis.

II. Review of the Literature (15%): Due March 5

This should be a 3-4 pp. essay on the materials you have selected for use in your project. It should display a keen familiarity on your part with the works discussed, an appreciation for how they help define the existing scholarly understanding of your area of interest, and an awareness of the areas in which they might be deficient. In short, it should be a critical assessment of both the scholarly research to which you are turning to complete your project and how your thesis fits within that existing body of literature.

IV. Research Paper (70%): Due April 16

Your paper should conform to all scholarly conventions of style, be supported by a proper system of footnote citations, and be accompanied by a comprehensive bibliography. The paper should be 15-18 pp. in length, including footnotes or endnotes but not including the final bibliography.

Note: Assignments are due at the beginning of class on the date indicated. Late submissions will be reduced one grade point each day (including weekends) that the assignment is late.
Awarding of Credit

To be successful in this course, a student should expect to devote 10-14 hours each week, including class time and time spent on course-related activities.

http://registrar.richmond.edu/services/policies/academic-credit.html

Disability Accommodations

Students with a Disability Accommodation Notice should contact their instructors as early in the semester as possible to discuss arrangements for completing course assignments and exams.

http://studentdevelopment.richmond.edu/disability-services/policies.html

Honor System

The Jepson School supports the provisions of the Honor System. The shortened version of the honor pledge is: “I pledge that I have neither received nor given unauthorized assistance during the completion of this work.”

http://studentdevelopment.richmond.edu/honor/

Religious Observance

Students should notify their instructors within the first two weeks of classes if they will need accommodations for religious observance.

http://registrar.richmond.edu/planning/religiousobs.html